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VERY HIGH PERFORMANCE ELEMENTS THP



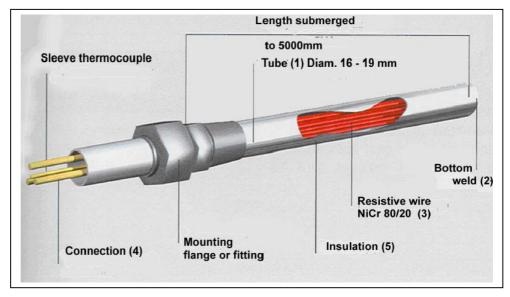
Manufacturing of very high performance elements is the result of the research and development carried out by CETAL during the period 1986 -1987. This allowed the widening of the application perimeters of heating by the Joule effect which until then was by traditional armoured heating elements (insulation by electrical grade magnesium oxide).

The very high performances of these elements are directly connected to the control of the manufacturing process :

- Positioning of the heating wire as close as possible to the sheath whilst guaranteeing dielectric rigidity.
- Compactness of the insulation (boron nitride) allowing heat transfer and providing electrical insulation when hot.

Boron nitride is used as an electrical insulator to produce stainless steel or incolloy tubular heating elements (diameter 10, 16 or 19 mm). These one- or three-phased elements can be equipped with a core-integrated thermocouple. The watt density, which depends on the operating conditions (convection, conduction and radiation) and on the elements sheath temperature, can exceed 100 W/cm²

- (1) the outer sheath element ensures protection of THP Their nature depends on the medium and temperature. (See metallurgical characteristics). The tube is 2 mm thick, to ensure the mechanical strength the element of handling when hot
- (2) The sealing element at the bottom of THP is assured. Like the cover, the bottom is welded by argon qualified procedures.
- (3) High quality resistive wire. Its melting temperature is about 1200 ° C, their number depends on the ohmic value of food and the wire diameter.
- (4) The connections usually in copper-nickel, ensure a good connection. The section determines the intensity of the line
- (5) The boron nitride insulation ensures thermal conduction and electrical insulation



The characteristics of the table	Nominal Diameter mm	Power supply		
below correspond to a temperature of 70 ° C in the		Connections	Maximum Intensity A	
connections.		Connections	Cu	Ni
	8,2	Single phase	105	1
	8,5	Single-phase	240	110
	16	Single-phase	85	27,5
		Thtree-fase	60	27,5
		Single-phase	135	60
		Single-phase +TC	60	27,5
		Thtree-fase +TC	50	22,5
	19	Return to earth	240	110
		Single-phase	85	27,5
		Thtree-fase	60	27,5
		Single-phase	135	60
		Single-phase+TC	60	27,5
		Thtree-fase +TC	50	22,5

Table of dimensional characteristics

Metallurgical characteristics

Materials						
Designation AFNOR	Z3 CND 18-12-02	Z8 CN 25-20	Z8 NC 75-15	Z8 NCDU 42-22		
Designation AISI	316L	310	Inconel 600	Incoloy 825		
Designation EN	1.4404	1.4845	2.4816	2.4858		
Diameters usual						
8,2	•					
8,5	•					
16	•	•	•	•		
19	•	•	•	•		
Working temperature limit						
	750 °C	1050 °C	1050 °C	1000 °C		

Mechanical characteristics

Diameter tolerance Length tolerance Options THP : According to application :According to specifications :Rectifie according to

specifications
: Spiral Machining
: Leaning, maximum 90 °

on cold zone
: Thermocouple integrated non dismantled, in the layered elements

Electrical characteristics

Power supply : <1000V

Power tolerance : -10%+5% for P> de 5000W

± 10% for P< de 5000W

Outputs Copper-nickel rod length

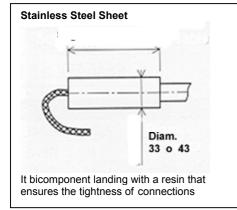
50mm

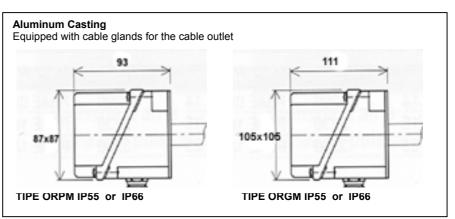
Cables :H07RNF (standard,

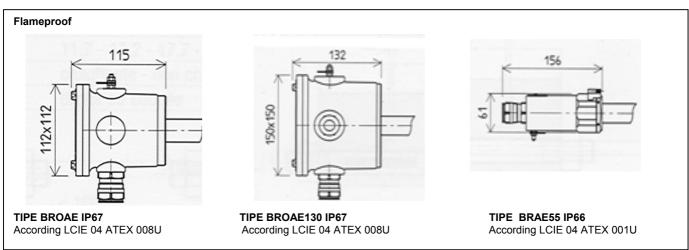
mechanical protection Cables of silicon or other,

on request)

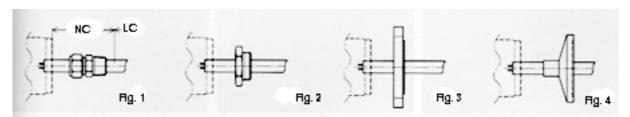
Junction Boxes







Installation of heaters THP



THP elements support multiple mounting procedures.

Fig. 1 By fitting sliding. Fig. 2 Fitting Taps. Fig. 3 Welded flange. Fig. 4 Part machined according to specifications

HOT BOLTS / HEATERS MATRICES



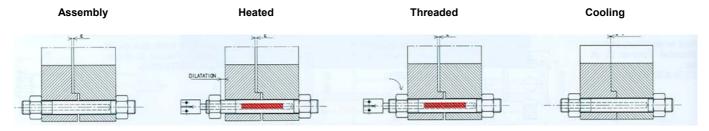


The use of non THP much energy can be concentrated in a minimum volume. The total installed power is transferred by radiation.

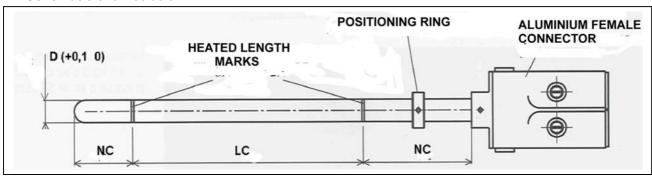
With this technology, installation times are greatly reduced for bolt tightening applications thermal expansion (turbine assembly).

The same applies to cases of temperature maintenance of the parent in the workshops of forging.

Application of heated bolts: squeezed by expansion



Schematic of a hot bolt

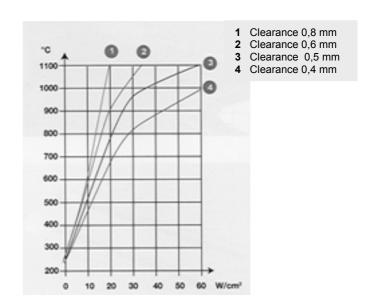


Calculation of the power W/cm²

Ø Hot bolt	Ø recommended for the hole (H11)	
10,7	11	
11,7	12	
12,2	12,5	
15,7	16	
17,7	18	
19,7	20	
21,65	22	
24,6	25	
29,6	30	

The heater power W is given by the specific load (W/cm²) and limited by the clearance (see table)

Example: for a clearance of 0.5 mm, a load of 20 W/cm² gives us a temperature of 800 ° C in the exterior wall



Mechanical characteristics

AISI 316L stainless steel tube (On request other materials) Option: layered element (maximum 90 degrees in the cold zone

Dimensional characteristics

Nominal	Power supply			
Diameter mm	Conections	Maximum Intensity A		
10,7	Return to earth	100		
	Single-phase	20		
11,7	Return to earth	100		
	Single-phase	20		
12,2	Return to earth	100		
	Single-phase	20		
15,7 – 17,7	Return to earth	275		
19,7	Single-phase	100		
21,65	Three-phase	100		
24,6	Single-phase	100		
29,6				

Technical characteristics

Specific load

Power supply single or three-phase

Tube

Ø standardr mm

Length

Shape

Up to 40 W/cm²

24V - 48V - 110V - 230V - 400V u otra

Stainless steel 321 - 310 - 316L - Incoloy - Inconel

11,7 - 12,2 - 17,7 - 19,7 - 21,65 - 24,6 - 29,6

Heated - cold, according to specifications

Straigth or layered

Electrical characteristics

Power supply

Power tolerance

Connection

Cable

± 10% for P< 5000W

-10% +5% for P> 5000W

Aluminum Connector (24 - 48V)

H07RNF

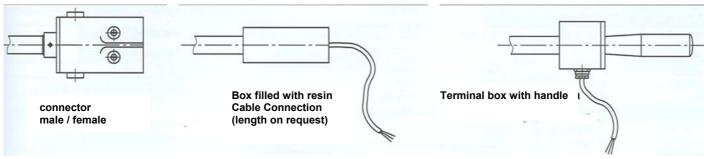
< 1000V

Silicone cable or other Connector, on-demand Terminal box with handle

Power supply 24 / 48V

Power supply 230V - 400V

Power supply 230V - 400V



Mounting and accessories

Positioning rings Ø30, Ø40 or Ø50 depending on the diameter of the heated bolts. Other accessories on request

Precautions in the use

